

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS14176

Specification

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

Dilution

WB, IHC-P, E, IHC-F, FC Q02817
Human
Mouse
Monoclonal
540kDa KDa
WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~N/A
E~~N/A
IHC-F~~N/A
FC~~1:10~50

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4583

Other Names

Mucin-2, MUC-2, Intestinal mucin-2, MUC2, SMUC

Target/Specificity

Reacts with colon gastric cancer cells, normal intestine, colon and salivary gland (immunoperoxidase staining); human colon cancer cell line LS174T by flow cytometry & Western blotting. Epitope defined as -GTQTP- (GlyThrGlnThrPro).

Reconstitution & Storage

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles.

Precautions

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - Protein Information

Name MUC2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8300571, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:7512}

Function

Coats the epithelia of the intestines and other mucus membrane-containing organs to provide a protective, lubricating barrier against particles and infectious agents at mucosal surfaces (PubMed:17058067, PubMed:19432394, PubMed:33031746). Major constituent of the colon mucus, which is mainly formed by large polymeric networks of



MUC2 secreted by goblet cells that cover the exposed surfaces of intestine (PubMed: 19432394, PubMed:33031746). MUC2 networks form hydrogels that guard the underlying epithelium from pathogens and other hazardous matter entering from the outside world, while permitting nutrient absorption and gas exchange (PubMed: 33031746, PubMed:36206754). Acts as a divalent copper chaperone that protects intestinal cells from copper toxicity and facilitates nutritional copper unptake into cells (PubMed: 36206754). Binds both Cu(2+) and its reduced form, Cu(1+), at two juxtaposed binding sites: Cu(2+), once reduced to Cu(1+) by vitamin C (ascorbate) or other dietary antioxidants, transits to the other binding site (PubMed: 36206754). MUC2-bound Cu(1+) is protected from oxidation in aerobic environments, and can be released for nutritional delivery to cells (PubMed: 36206754). Mucin gels store antimicrobial molecules that participate in innate immunity (PubMed: 33031746). Mucin glycoproteins also house and feed the microbiome, lubricate tissue surfaces, and may facilitate the removal of contaminants and waste products from the body (PubMed:33031746). Goblet cells synthesize two forms of MUC2 mucin that differ in branched chain O-glycosylation and the site of production in the colon: a (1) 'thick' mucus that wraps the microbiota to form fecal pellets is produced in the proximal, ascending colon (By similarity). 'Thick' mucus transits along the descending colon and is lubricated by a (2) 'thin' MUC2 mucus produced in the distal colon which adheres to the 'thick' mucus (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Secreted. Note=In the intestine, secreted into the inner and outer mucus layers (By similarity). Before secretion, mucin polymers are stored in dedicated secretory vesicles (PubMed:33031746). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80Z19, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33031746}

Tissue Location

Colon, small intestine, colonic tumors, bronchus, cervix and gall bladder.

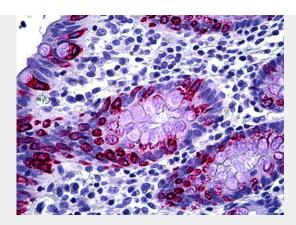
Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

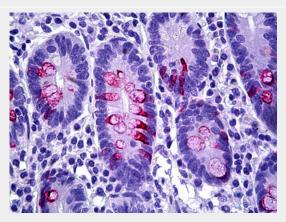
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - Images





Anti-MUC2 antibody IHC of human colon.



Anti-MUC2 antibody IHC of human intestine.

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - Background

Coats the epithelia of the intestines, airways, and other mucus membrane-containing organs. Thought to provide a protective, lubricating barrier against particles and infectious agents at mucosal surfaces. Major constituent of both the inner and outer mucus layers of the colon and may play a role in excluding bacteria from the inner mucus layer.

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - References

Gum J.R. Jr., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 269:2440-2446(1994). Gum J.R. Jr., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 267:21375-21383(1992). Toribara N.W., et al.J. Clin. Invest. 88:1005-1013(1991). Gum J.R. Jr., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 264:6480-6487(1989). Xu G., et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 183:821-828(1992).

Mucin 2 / MUC2 Antibody (clone Ccp58) - Citations

• Elaidic Acid, a Trans-Fatty Acid, Enhances the Metastasis of Colorectal Cancer Cells.